DB2 for i 7.1 - Hot Off the Grill

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DB2 for i Focus Areas

- The Self Managing Database
  - Reduced TCO thru automation
  - Integration: Built-in Security and Auditing

- Trusted Reliability & Scalability
  - Simplified, best of breed scaling
  - Integrated transaction management
  - Advanced, flexible logging facilities

- Open for Business
  - SQL, the strategic interface
  - Latest de facto standards

- Innovative Applications
  - SQL & Data-centric programming
  - Move to SOA over time

- Business Intelligence
  - Store, manage, and ANALYZE data!
  - End user query and reporting to large scale data warehousing
DB2 for i 7.1 Enhancements

Rapid Application Development
- SQL & RPG Integration
- Stored procedure Result Set consumption
- FIELDPROC for transparent column-level encryption
- XML Integration
  - XML data type
  - Annotated XML Decomposition
  - SQL XML Publishing functions
- Three-part Aliases
- Compatibility with DB2 Family & Oracle
  - MERGE statement
  - Array support & Global Variables
  - REPLACE option on CREATEs
  - Currently Committed supported
- JDBC & .NET enhancements

Performance & Self-Tuning Enhancements
- SQL Query Engine (SQE) enhancements
  - Adaptive Query Processing
  - Self-Learning Optimization
  - Inline UDF query rewrite
  - Logical File on FROM support
- Indexing Advancements
  - SQL Select/Omit Indexes
  - EVI Aggregates
- CPYFRMIMPF performance
- SSD & In-Memory Database Enablement
- OmniFind Text Search Server enhancements

Simplified Management
- IBM i Navigator Enhancements
  - Progress Monitors – Alter Table, Index Build
  - Index Advisor improvements
  - Enhanced Generate SQL capability
  - Object Folder content saves

Data Intelligence & Interoperability
- DB2 Web Query for System i
  - Excel client support
  - Microsoft SQL Server adapter

Trusted Reliability
- Enhanced Remote Journal filtering
- Library-level Journaling filtering
- IASP spanning transactions

Detailed DB2 6.1 Overview online at:
http://ibm.com/partnerworld/wps/training/i5os/courses

DB2 for i 6.1 Enhancements

Application Flexibility & Portability
- SQL & RPG Integration
- Enhanced JDBC & .NET support
- Skip Locked Data
- Extended Indicator Variables
- VALUES on FROM
- Hidden Timestamp Columns
- Improved DB2 Family Compatibility
  - OLAP Support – Cube & Rollup
  - INSERT on FROM
  - Unsupported Syntax Tolerance
  - AES Encryption

Performance
- SQL Query Engine enhancements
  - Sort sequence support
  - Self-Learning Optimizer
  - EVI-Only Processing
- Derived SQL Indexes
- Faster Full Opens
- Client Special Registers

Usability
- System i Navigator Enhancements
  - Customizable Performance Analysis
  - Spreadsheet integration
  - Plan Cache Enhancements
  - Index Advisor Improvements
- DB2 Web Query for System i
- OmniFind Text Search Server

OnDemand & Availability
- Enhanced, online Reorg
- Library-level Journaling

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http://ibm.com/partnerworld/wps/training/i5os/courses
Application Development Enhancements

Enhancements for IBM i Application Development

- ILE COBOL SQL Pre-compiler Enhancements
  - Concurrent Access Resolution parameter
  - Support for new COMP-5 type

- Improved SQL & ILE RPG Pre-compiler Integration
  - Concurrent Access Resolution parameter
  - Debug Encryption Key parameter
  - ALIAS keyword support

```sql
CREATE TABLE customers(
  customer_number  INTEGER,
  customer_name     CHAR(30),
  customer_address  VARCHAR(80))
```

```sql
d DS1          E DS      EXTNAME(customers) QUALIFIED ALIAS
```

* The subfields of data structure would be:
  * CUSTOMER_NUMBER
  * CUSTOMER_NAME
  * CUSTOMER_ADDRESS
Industry Standard Application Interface Improvements

- **ADO.NET**
  - ‘Concurrent Access Resolution’ property
  - Visual Studio 2008 support
  - Online help integration with Visual Studio
  - Support for Multi-row Delete, Merge, and Update statements

- **ODBC**
  - ConcurrentAccessResolution connection keyword
  - Support for Multi-row Delete, Merge, and Update statements

- **OLE DB**
  - ‘Concurrent Access Resolution’ connection property

- **SQL CLI**
  - TINYINT data type support
  - SQL_ATTR_CONCURRENT_ACCESS_RESOLUTION connection attribute
  - Support for Multi-row Delete, Merge, and Update statements
  - QIBM_SRVRMODE_SBS environment variable for QSQSRVR jobs (PTFs for 6.1, 5.4)

- **JDBC**
  - Support for SQL routine ARRAY parameters
  - "concurrent access resolution" connection property
  - Native JDBC driver enhancements
    - "servermode subsystem" property to control subsystem used for QSQSRVR jobs
    - Metadata compatibility with Toolbox JDBC and other industry drivers

FIELDPROC - Seamless Column-Level Encoding and Decoding

- **New Order**
- **Authorized Access**

Encrypt

1111 2222 3333 4444

Decrypt

T3vS#45zlJ9*m$p6

DB2
FIELDPROC Implementation Details

- Developers have complete freedom to create virtually any column encoding/decoding
  - Encryption (3rd party solutions: Linoma Software, Patrick Townsend, nuBridges)
  - Data compression
  - Text normalization …

- DB2 automatically calls registered FIELDPROC program for ALL interfaces
  (applications, SQL, native record level-access, CL: DSPPFM, CPYF…)
  - Program must be an ILE program object and contain no SQL
  - Fieldproc program called for 3 different events:
    - Column creation/registration to define attributes of the stored encoded value
    - Write operations to encode data
    - Read operations to decode data

- FIELDPROC registration requires usage of SQL
  - Be extremely careful of using SQL ALTER statement on Physical Files
    
    ALTER TABLE orders ALTER COLUMN creditcardnum
    SET FIELDPROC mylib/ccpgm

Global Variables

- Enables simpler sharing of values between SQL statements and SQL
  objects (Triggers, Views, etc) across the life of a job/database connection

- Example #1 – Cache User Information

```
CREATE VARIABLE gvdept INTEGER DEFAULT (SELECT deptno FROM employee WHERE empuserID = USER);

CREATE VIEW filtered_employee AS 
  SELECT firstname, lastname, phoneno FROM employee WHERE deptno = gvdept;

...

SELECT firstname, phoneno FROM filtered_employee;
```
Global Variables

- Example #2 – Conditional Trigger Behavior

```sql
CREATE VARIABLE batch_run CHAR(1);

CREATE TRIGGER track_expenses AFTER INSERT ON expenses
    REFERENCING NEW AS n  FOR EACH ROW
    WHEN (batch_run='N')
    BEGIN
        DECLARE emplname CHAR(30);
        SET emplname = (SELECT lastname FROM employee WHERE empid=n.empno);
        IF n.totalamount < 10000 THEN
            INSERT INTO travel_audit
                VALUES(n.empno, emplname, n.deptno, n.totalamount, n.enddate);
        ELSE
            SIGNAL SQLSTATE '38001' SET MESSAGE_TEXT='Exceeded Maximum';
        END IF;
    END

VALUES 'Y' INTO batch_run;
```

Result Set Integration – Embedded SQL & SQL Routines

- Programmers can now directly integrate stored procedure result sets with embedded SQL & SQL Routines
  - Key Enabler Statements: ASSOCIATE LOCATOR & ALLOCATE CURSOR
  - Optionally, DESCRIBE PROCEDURE & DESCRIBE CURSOR statements can be used to dynamically determine the number and contents of a result set

```sql
DECLARE sprs1 RESULT_SET_LOCATOR VARYING;
CALL GetProj(projdept);
ASSOCIATE LOCATORS(sprs1) WITH PROCEDURE GetProj;
ALLOCATE mycur CURSOR FOR RESULT SET sprs1;
SET totstaff=0;
myloop: LOOP
    FETCH mycur INTO prname, prstaff;
    IF row_not_found=1 THEN
        LEAVE fetch_loop;
    END IF;
    SET totstaff= totstaff + prstaff;
    IF prstaff > moststaff THEN
        SET bigproj = prname;
        SET moststaff= prstaff;
    END IF;
END LOOP;
CLOSE mycur;
```
Stored Procedure Enhancements

- Expressions on CALL statement
  
  ```
  CALL myprocedure ( 1, UPPER(company_name), company_discount_rate*100 )
  ```

- ARRAY support for SQL Routines
  - Enables exchange of data collections
  - ARRAY element limited to simple data types
  - ARRAY type can be used as parameter for SQL Routine or a local variable
  - Interfaces supporting SQL Routine ARRAY parameters:
    - JDBC
    - SQL Routines
  - Examples:
    ```
    CREATE TYPE partids AS CHAR(3) ARRAY[10];
    CREATE TYPE intarray AS INTEGER ARRAY[5];
    ```

  ```
  out_qty
  Array:
  [1] = 25
  [2] = 124
  [3] = 125
  ```

Stored Procedure Enhancements – ARRAY Example

- Return part type and quantity for the specified collection of parts
  ```
  CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE list_parts
  (IN inparts partids, OUT part_qty intarray)
  DYNAMIC RESULT SETS 1
  LANGUAGE SQL
  BEGIN
  DECLARE cur1 CURSOR FOR SELECT t.id, part_qty, part_type
  FROM parts, UNNEST(inparts) AS t(id) WHERE t.id = part_id;
  
  IF CARDINALITY(inparts) > 5 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '38003'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Too many parts';
  END IF;
  
  SET part_qty = (SELECT ARRAY_AGG(part_qty)
  FROM parts, UNNEST(inparts) AS t2(id)
  WHERE t2.id = part_id);
  
  OPEN cur1;
  END;
  ...

  SET myparts = ARRAY['W12','S55','M22'];
  CALL list_parts(myparts, out_qty);
  ```

  ```
  ID | PART_QTY | PART_TYPE
  ------------------
  W12  25KSR
  S55  124KSR
  M22  125MNG
  ```

  ```
  OUTPUT
  ```
Simplified Remote Data Access

- **Three-part Aliases**
  - Simplifies access to DB2 objects on different partitions or servers (implicit DRDA connection)
  - Examples:
    ```sql
    CREATE ALIAS mylib.tab1 FOR rdb1a.mylib.tab1
    SELECT c1, c2 FROM mylib.tab1
    SELECT c1, c2 FROM rdb1a.mylib.tab1
    ```
  - Considerations
    - A single SQL statement can only reference objects from a single database server
    - Alias name must be the same as the object on the remote server. Local Alias can reference an Alias on remote server

- **Automatic SQL DRDA Package Creation**
  - Removes burden from developer having to create the required SQL packages on a remote server

---

Enhanced Parameter Marker Support

**BEFORE:**

```sql
SET stmt1 = 'SELECT c2,c2 FROM tab1 WHERE c1 > CAST(? AS DECIMAL(8,2)) + CAST(? AS DECIMAL(8,2))';
PREPARE pstmt1 FROM stmt1;
```

**AFTER:**

```sql
SET stmt1 = 'SELECT c2,c2 FROM tab1 WHERE c1 > ? + ?';
PREPARE pstmt1 FROM stmt1;
```
XML Integration

XML Integration with DB2

- Rich XML Support within DB2 for i – integrated solution that replaces DB2 XML Extender product
  - New XML data type to simplify storage and retrieval of XML documents
    - XML data access protected with rock-solid DB2 security
    - XML covered by Database Backup and Recovery processes
  - Annotated decomposition of XML documents into DB2 columns
  - Generate XML document with SQL-XML publishing functions

- IBM OmniFind Text Search Server provides advanced, high-speed search capabilities for stored XML documents
  - Scope searches to specific elements of an XML document: `/book/title[. contains("winning") ]`
  - XQuery interface not yet supported
XML Data Type

- **New XML data type**
  - Support XML values up to 2 GB
  - Type can be used for column, parameter, and host variable values

- **XML Schema-based validation supported**

```
INSERT INTO reservations(resdoc)
VALUES (XMLVALIDATE(
  XMLPARSE(DOCUMENT
    GET_XML_FILE('/dir1/r6.xml'))
  ACCORDING TO XMLSCHEMA
  ID mylib.resschema)
)
```

- **XML File Reference variables enable simple export XML documents to IFS**

```
CREATE TABLE reservations
(  resID  INTEGER
    GENERATED
    ALWAYS
    AS IDENTITY,
  resDoc XML )
```

Integrated XML Utilities

**Built-in Functions:**

- **GET_XML_FILE**
  Returns the contents of an IFS file or source physical file member as a LOB Locator value

- **XMLVALIDATE**
  Validates XML value against an XML schema

- **XMLPARSE**
  Parses Character/LOB data to produce XML value

- **XMLSERIALIZE**
  Converts XML value into Character/LOB data

- **XSLTRANSFORM**
  Convert XML data into other XML, HTML, and plain text formats using the XSLT processor

**System Stored Procedures (SYSPROC library):**

- **XSR_REGISTER**
  Add an XML Schema document into the DB2 XML Schema Repository (XSR) for Validation / Decomposition

- **XSR_ADDSCHEMADOC**
  Merge an XML Schema within an existing XML Schema

- **XSR_COMPLETE**
  Complete the registration of XML Schema(s) within DB2 XSR

- **XSR_REMOVE**
  Remove a registered XML Schema document

- **XDBDECOMPXML**
  Decompose an XML document into specified DB2 objects using annotated decomposition
Annotated XML Document Decomposition

1) Map the DB2 and XML document relationships

```
<author id="22">
  <name>Tony Dungy</name>
  <book isbn="1414318014">
    <title>Quiet Strength</title>
    <publisher>Tyndale House</publisher>
  </book>
</author>
```

2) Define mapping in XSD file

```
<xs:element name="shipment">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="author" type="authorType" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

3) Register and store XSD mapping within DB2 XML Schema Repository (XSR)

```
<xs:complexType name="authorType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" db2-xdb:rowSet="AUTHORS" db2-xdb:column="NAME" />
    <xs:element name="book" type="bookType" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attributes>
    <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:integer" db2-xdb:rowSetMapping=
      "<db2-xdb:rowSetMapping>
        <db2-xdb:rowSet>AUTHORS</db2-xdb:rowSet>
        <db2-xdb:column>ID</db2-xdb:column>
      </db2-xdb:rowSetMapping>"
      <xs:attribute name="isbn" type="xs:integer" db2-xdb:rowSet="BOOKS" db2-xdb:column="ISBN" />
    </xs:attributes>
</xs:complexType>
```

4) Decompose/Shred the XML document

```
<xs:complexType name="bookType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="title" type="xs:string" db2-xdb:rowSet="BOOKS" db2-xdb:column="BTITLE" />
    <xs:element name="publisher" type="xs:string" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

Decomposition Example

```
<xs:element name="shipment">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="author" type="authorType" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

XSD
Decomposition Example

- XML Decomposition Steps:
  1) Create XSD file with DB2 to XML mapping
  2) Store and register XSD file within DB2 Schema Repository (XSR)
     
     CALL SYSPROC.XSR_REGISTER ('MYLIB', 'BOOKSCHEM', null, 
     GET_XML_FILE('/dir/authbooks.xsd'), null)
     CALL SYSPROC.XSR_COMPLETE('MYLIB', 'BOOKSCHEM',null,1)
  3) Decompose XML Document
     CALL SYSPROC.XDBDECOMPXML
     ('MYLIB','BOOKSCHEM', GET_XML_FILE('/mydir/ship1.xml'),null)

- Decomposition Generated Statements:
  INSERT INTO authors
  VALUES(22, 'Tony Dungy')

  INSERT INTO books
  VALUES(22, 'Quiet Strength', 1414318014),
  (22, 'Uncommon', 1414326815)

---

SQL XML Publishing Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XMLATTRIBUTES</td>
<td>Returns XML sequence that contains an attribute node for each non-null argument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLCOMMENT</td>
<td>Returns XML value with a single comment node from a string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLCONCAT</td>
<td>Returns XML value that represents a forest of XML elements generated by concatenating a variable number of arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLDOCUMENT</td>
<td>Returns XML value with a single document node and zero or more nodes as its children</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLELEMENT</td>
<td>Returns XML value that represents an XML element</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLFOREST</td>
<td>Returns XML value that represents a forest (sequence) of XML elements that all share a specific pattern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLPI</td>
<td>Returns XML value with a single processing instruction node</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLNAMESPACES</td>
<td>Returns the declaration of one or more XML namespaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLROW</td>
<td>Returns XML value with a single document node containing one top-level element node</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLTEXT</td>
<td>Returns XML value with single text node that contains value of argument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLEXISTS</td>
<td>Returns an XML sequence that contains an item for each non-value in set of XML values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLGROUP</td>
<td>Returns XML value with a single document node containing one top-level element node from a group of rows</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SQL XML Publishing Example – XMLELEMENT & XMLATTRIBUTE

- Generate XML values for employees celebrating 25th anniversary:

```sql
SELECT XMLELEMENT(NAME "employee", XMLATTRIBUTES(e.empno as "id"),
  XMLELEMENT(NAME "Name", e.firstname || ' ' || e.lastname),
  XMLELEMENT (NAME "Extension", e.phoneno),
  XMLELEMENT (NAME "DeptNo", d.deptno)) AS CLOB(100) ) as "XMLResult"
FROM employee e, department d
WHERE e.workdept = d.deptno AND
  YEAR(CURRENT DATE) –
  YEAR(hiredate) = 25
```

Output for XMLResult:

```
<employee id="000010">
  <Name>JENNA HAAS</Name>
  <Extension>0420</Extension>
  <DeptNo>A00</DeptNo>
</employee>
```

```
-----------------------------
<employee id="000050">
  <Name>JOSH GEYER</Name>
  <Extension>1103</Extension>
  <DeptNo>E01</DeptNo>
</employee>
```

---

SQL XML Publishing Example - XMLFOREST

- Generate XML values for employees celebrating 25th anniversary using XMLFOREST to simplify query:

```sql
SELECT XMLSERIALIZE( 
  XMLELEMENT(NAME "employee", XMLATTRIBUTES(e.empno as "id"),
   XMLFOREST(e.firstname || ' ' || e.lastname as "Name",
   e.phoneno as "Extension",
   d.deptno as "DeptNo")
  ) AS CLOB(100) ) as "XMLResult"
FROM employee e, department d
WHERE e.workdept = d.deptno AND
  YEAR(CURRENT DATE) –
  YEAR(hiredate) = 25
```

Output for XMLResult:

```
<employee id="000010">
  <Name>JENNA HAAS</Name>
  <Extension>0420</Extension>
  <DeptNo>A00</DeptNo>
</employee>
```

```
-----------------------------
<employee id="000050">
  <Name>JOSH GEYER</Name>
  <Extension>1103</Extension>
  <DeptNo>E01</DeptNo>
</employee>
```
### SQL XML Publishing Example - XMLAGG

- Generate count and XML value for parts with specified type:

```sql
SELECT COUNT(*) AS PartCnt,
XMLSERIALIZE(
  XMLELEMENT(NAME "Parts", XMLATTRIBUTES(parttype AS "type"),
    XMLAGG(
      XMLELEMENT(NAME "pid", partid) ORDER BY partid)
  ) AS CLOB(130)) AS PartList
FROM parts WHERE parttype IN ('C01', 'E21')
GROUP BY parttype
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PartCnt</th>
<th>PartList</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><code>&lt;Parts type=&quot;C01&quot;&gt;&lt;pid&gt;000130&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;200140&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;/Parts&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><code>&lt;Parts type=&quot;E21&quot;&gt;&lt;pid&gt;000320&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;100330&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;200340&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;/Parts&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SQL XML Publishing Example - XMLGROUP

- Generate count and XML value for parts with specified type:

```sql
SELECT COUNT(*) AS PartCnt,
XMLGROUP( parttype AS "type", partid AS "pid"
  ORDER BY parttype, partid
  OPTION ROW "Parts" ROOT "PartList") AS partlist
FROM parts
WHERE parttype IN ('C01', 'E21')
GROUP BY parttype
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PartCnt</th>
<th>PartList</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><code>&lt;PartList&gt;&lt;Parts&gt;&lt;type&gt;C01&lt;/type&gt;&lt;pid&gt;000130&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;200140&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;/Parts&gt;&lt;/PartList&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><code>&lt;PartList&gt;&lt;Parts&gt;&lt;type&gt;E21&lt;/type&gt;&lt;pid&gt;000320&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;100330&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;pid&gt;200340&lt;/pid&gt;&lt;/Parts&gt;&lt;/PartList&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SQL Enhancements

MERGE Statement

- Allows application to use a single SQL statement to Update, Delete, or Insert into a table based on values from a source table/query

- Simplifies applications trying to merge detailed transaction data into a summary file
  - Typical processing...
    - Perform INSERT when transaction type does NOT yet exist in summary file
    - Perform UPDATE when transaction type does exist in summary file to add to the total for that type
MERGE Statement - Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ORDID</th>
<th>ORDREG</th>
<th>...</th>
<th>ORDAMT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A11</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A12</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A13</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A14</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A15</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MERGE Statement – Detailed Examples**

- **Example #1**: Merge rows into the Account table, Updating the balance from the set of transactions against an account ID and Inserting new accounts from the consolidated transactions that do not already exist

```
MERGE INTO account_summary AS a
USING (SELECT id, SUM(trans_amount) sum_amount FROM trans GROUP BY id) AS t
ON a.id = t.id
WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET balance = a.balance + t.sum_amount
WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN
  INSERT (id, balance) VALUES (t.id, t.sum_amount)
```

- **Example #2**: Update the activities from Atlanta group in the archive table. Delete all outdated activities and update the archived activities information for any changed activities. Insert new upcoming activities into the archive

```
MERGE INTO archive ar
USING (SELECT actID, actDesc, actDate, actLastChg FROM actAtlGrp) ac
ON (ar.activityID = ac.actID) AND ar.activityGroup = 'A'
WHEN MATCHED and ac.actDate < CURRENT DATE THEN DELETE
WHEN MATCHED and ar.LastChg < ac.actLastChg THEN
  UPDATE SET(activityDesc, activityDate, LastChg)=(ac.actDesc, ac.actDate, DEFAULT)
WHEN NOT MATCHED AND ac.actDate >= CURRENT DATE THEN
  INSERT (activityGroup, activityID, activityDesc, activityDate)
VALUES ('A', ac.actID, ac.actDesc, ac.actDate)
ELSE IGNORE
```
DB2 Concurrent Access Resolution

- Concurrent Access Resolution behavior controllable at different levels
  - System-wide: SQL_CONCURRENT_ACCESS_RESOLUTION QAQQINI option
  - Program-level: CONACC pre-compiler option
  - Connection-level property/attribute
    - IBM i Access middleware: ADO.NET, JDBC, ODBC, OLE DB
    - SQL CLI & Native JDBC Driver
  - Statement-level
    - USE CURRENTLY COMMITTED
    - WAIT FOR OUTCOME
    - SKIP LOCKED DATA (added in 6.1)

### JOB#1:
```
UPDATE parts
SET part_qty = 25
WHERE part_id='W12'
```

### JOB#2:
```
SELECT part_id
FROM parts
WHERE part_type
 IN('KSR','MNG')
USE CURRENTLY COMMITTED
```

---

Built-In SQL Functions Toolbox Additions

- **MQ Integration Functions**
  - Scalar functions:
    - MQSEND, MQREAD, MQREADCLOB, MQRECEIVE, MQRECEIVECLOB
  - Table functions
    - MQREADALL, MQREADALLCLOB, MQRECEIVEALL, MQRECEIVEALLCLOB

- **BLOB & CLOB Integration**
  - GET_BLOB_FROM_FILE
  - GET_CLOB_FROM_FILE, GET_DBCLOB_FROM_FILE

- **Bit Manipulation functions**
  - BITAND, BITOR, BITXOR
  - BITNOT, BITANDNOT
Miscellaneous SQL Enhancements

- REPLACE Option for CREATE statements
  - Eliminates need for the Drop statement
  - Preserves existing object dependencies & privileges!
  - Supported objects: Alias, Function, Procedure, Sequence, Trigger, Variable, View
    
    ```sql
    CREATE OR REPLACE ALIAS myAlias FOR schema.tab1
    ```

- ALTER TABLE Enhancements
  - ADD BEFORE column
  - Identity Column support for existing columns
  - Preservation of statistics
  - Improved performance for partitioned tables

- Partitioned Table Enhancements
  - RI Constraint support
  - Identity Column support

- SQL Object Deflation – Table, View, Index
- 128-byte Schema Names

Miscellaneous SQL Management Utilities

- All SQL interface for cancelling long-running SQL statements
  - QSYS2.SQL_CANCEL procedure (6.1 PTF)
  - Example: `CALL QSYS2.SQL_CANCEL('197968/QUSER/QZDASOINIT')`

- Retrieve associated QSQSRVR jobs & metrics for a specified job/application
  - QSYS2.FIND_QSQSRVR_JOBS procedure (6.1 & 5.4 PTFs)
  - Example: `CALL QSYS2.FIND_QSRVR_JOBS('566463/USERNAME/QP0ZSPWP')`

- Retrieve associated QSQSRVR jobs & metrics for a specified job/application
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  - Example: `CALL QSYS2.FIND_QSRVR_JOBS('566463/USERNAME/QP0ZSPWP')`
IBM OmniFind Text Search Server Enhancements

- Product (5733-OMF) originally released after GA of IBM i 6.1
  - Common DB2 Family text search support
  - Supports text columns and text documents (PDF, DOC, PPT, …)
  - High-speed, advanced linguistic searches
    \[
    \text{CONTAINS( feedDoc, ‘California insurance settlement’) = 1} \\
    \text{CONTAINS( textFld, ‘Man wins lottery’) = 1}
    \]

- OmniFind 7.1 Enhancements
  - Enhanced XML search support
    - Date and Date/Time comparisons:
      \[
      \text{/Book [pubDate > xs:date(“2005-04-15")]} \
      \]
    - Numeric comparisons:
      \[
      \text{/Book [Cost <= 59.95]} \
      \]
    - Namespace specific searches
      - Enhanced Save / Restore capabilities
      - Graphical text index management

Performance Enhancements
DB2 Performance Enhancements

- SQL Query Engine (SQE) Enhancements
  - Support for Logical File on FROM clause
  - Performance advancements
    - Background Self-Learning Query Optimization
    - Adaptive Query Processing
    - Global Statistics Cache
    - Inline User-Defined Function rewrite

- SQE Indexing Advancements
  - Optimizer awareness of SQL Select/Omit Indexes
  - Encoded Vector Index Aggregate support

- Improved CPYFRIMP function performance (6.1 & 5.4 PTFs)

- DB2 Object-level performance
  - SSD Media Preference and Random/Sequential Usage Statistics
  - OVRDBF … REUSEDLT(*NO) for faster Inserts/Writes
  - In-Memory Database Enablement
    - CHGPF … KEEPINMEM(*YES)
    - CHGLF … KEEPINMEM(*YES)

SQE Adaptive Query Processing

- Real-time self-learning query optimization
  - Enables query plan to be changed while query is running
  - Plan adjustments & query restart completely transparent to the application

- Intelligent monitor agents automatically assigned to each query by SQE
  - Monitoring starts after 2 seconds
  - Periodically polling measures progress against estimates and other plan assumptions

- Real-time plan adjustments can include
  - Change in join order
  - Utilization of a new index
  - …

No user interaction required!
SQE Indexing Advancements

- Query Optimizer awareness of SQL Select/Omit Indexes for query plans
  
  ```sql
  CREATE INDEX cust_ix1 ON customers(cust_id) WHERE activeCust='Y'
  ```

- Encoded Vector Index (EVI) Aggregate Support
  
  ```sql
  CREATE ENCODED VECTOR INDEX idx1 ON sales(region)
  INCLUDE (SUM(saleamt), COUNT(*))
  ```

    ```sql
  CREATE ENCODED VECTOR INDEX idx2
  ON sales(territory)
  INCLUDE (SUM(saleamt + promoamt))
  ```

SELECT territory, SUM(saleamt+promoamt) FROM sales 
GROUP by territory

SELECT region, SUM(saleamt) FROM sales GROUP BY region

EVIs are maintained as the underlying table is modified

DB2 SSD (Solid State Disks) Enablement

- SSD can improve performance for some DB2 objects
  - Large amount of random data access and...
  - Data that is read many times, but written less frequently
- DB2 interfaces enhanced to allows a user to indicate an SSD media preference on table, index, physical file, and logical file
  - SQL: UNIT SSD clause for object and partition
    - CREATE/ALTER TABLE
    - CREATE INDEX
  - CL: UNIT("SSD") parameter
    - CRTPF, CRTLF, and CRTSRPCF
    - CHGPF, CHGLF, and CHGSRPCF
- ALTER and CHGPF/LF interfaces support asynchronous movement of data and indexes
- Key DB2 7.1 Addition - New random and sequential statistics for tables and indexes

Associated Bank

Moving DB2 tables to SSD reduced month end batch run time by 40%! *

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of SAS Disk Drives</th>
<th># of SSDs</th>
<th>Batch Run Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4:22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2:43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2:48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OVRDBF REUSEDLT(*NO)

- Temporarily override Reuse Deleted Rows feature of a table to speed up Insert/Write performance
  - Enables DB2 to utilize row-level blocking
  - Enables DB2 SMP feature to perform parallel index maintenance
  - Preserves table’s ability to benefit from Enable Concurrent Write (ie, Holey Inserts)
  - Support for 5.4 and 6.1 releases can be purchased from IBM Lab Services
    (http://ibm.com/systems/services/labservices/contact.html)

Availability & Recovery Enhancements
Database Availability and Recovery

- **DB2 Engine Improvements**
  - Independent ASPs Enhancements
    - Support for transactions spanning System & Independent ASP
    - Support for CICS transactions
  - Constraint Enforcement fast-path for HA Switchover
    - CHGPFCS CHECK(*NO) (5.4 & 6.1 PTFs)

- **Journal Enhancements**
  - Localized-journaling for indexes with large logical page sizes
  - Additional controls for remote journal filtering
  - Enhanced generic-name filtering for STRJRNLIB & CHGJRNOBJ commands
  - New user-defined table function, QSYS2/DISPLAY_JOURNAL, for simpler retrieval of journal entries with SQL (5.4 & 6.1 PTFs)

Ease of Use & Management Enhancements
IBM Tooling for DB2 for i

- IBM DB2 Web Query for i
  - Excel Spreadsheet Client
  - Microsoft SQL Server Adapter
  - More enhancements planned for 2010!

- IBM i Navigator – DB2 Management Interface

IBM Information Management Products
- IBM InfoSphere Data Architect
- IBM InfoSphere CDC (Change-Data-Capture)
- IBM Optim Data Growth Solution
- IBM Optim Test Data Management & Data Privacy Solution
- IBM Data Studio
  - SQL and Java Procedure development & debug
  - Wizard-based web service development
  - pureQuery runtime for Java developer productivity

IBM DB2 Web Query Enhancements

- New functions for IBM i 5.4, 6.1 and 7.1
  - Excel client
  - Microsoft SQL Server adapter
  - Security Enhancements
    - Change password from within DB2 Web Query
    - Enhanced meta data control
  - Administrative enhancements
    - Change Management
    - New WRKWEBQRY functions simplifies admin
    - Performance Enhancements
      - Improved internal processing
      - Improved analysis capabilities
  - Functional Enhancements
    - Improved Dashboard development
    - Active Reports usability enhancements

- DB2 Web Query supports querying XML documents with IBM i 7.1

- Bring BI and Query Solution Back to IBM i
  - Stop the pain and expense of replicating data
  - Make decisions with current data

DB2 Web Query provides an integrated Business Intelligence solution that offers rich functionality and breakthrough performance
IBM i 7.1 Enhancements:

**OnDemand Performance Center**
- Authority Simplification
- Index Advisor Improvements
- Database monitor
  - Client register filter
  - Errors only filter
- Show Statements - Variable replacement
- Enhanced SQL Details for a Job
  - SQL Monitor integration
  - Connecting QSQRVR job info

**Database Management**
- OmniFind Text Index support
- Generate SQL – Privilege & CCSID
- Progress Status Monitors
  - Index Build
  - Table Alters
  - Enhanced Reorganize
- Object List enhancements
  - Performance of large lists
  - Object list filtering
  - Save list contents

**Health Center**
- SQL0901 Error Tracker

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Simplified DB2 for i Management - IBM i Navigator

Progress Status Monitors – Alter Table Example
SQL Monitor – Client Register Filters

CL interface: STRDBMON OUTFILE(OUTMON1) JOB(*ALL) FTRCLTPGM(STRSQL)

Enhanced “SQL Details for a Job”

- SQL Performance Monitor integration
- Connecting QSQSRVR job information (5.4 & 6.1 PTFs)
DB2 OnDemand Performance Center – User Authority Simplification

*JOBCTL (Job Control Authority)
- Whatever worked with *JOBCTL in IBM i 6.1 will continue to work

QIBM_DB_SQLADM – Database Administrator
- This is a database specific alternative to *JOBCTL. It is a superset of the function authorized by QIBM_DB_SYSMON.
- Examples:
  - Change parallel degree for DB2 SMP feature
  - Work with Plan Cache
  - Work with OmniFind Text Search Server

QIBM_DB_SYSMON – Database Information
- This allows a user to view some system level details, but not specifics about operations or anything related to changing or controlling the database.
- Examples:
  - QUSRJOB for SQL information
  - Show SQL Information for Jobs

No Special Authority required when using OnDemand Performance Center with own job
- Starting and ending SQL Performance Monitors on your own job
- Analysis of SQL Monitor data and Plan Cache snapshots
- Visual Explain in Run SQL Scripts

DB2 OnDemand Performance Center & Sensitive Data – SECURE columns

- Prevents sensitive data values from being displayed in DB2 performance tools – Database Monitor & Plan Cache (5.4 & 6.1 PTFs)
  - Only security officer will be able to see sensitive values, "SECURE" value presented to normal users (WHERE cardnumber=:hostvar1 )
  - User must register sensitive columns with DB2 tooling

- Registration interface is system stored procedure: SET_COLUMN_ATTRIBUTE
  - Procedure parameter descriptions
    - Table_Schema - System name of a table's schema
    - Table_Name - System name of a table
    - Column_Name - System column name being secured.
    - Attribute - Secure attribute setting for column
      - SECURE NO
      - SECURE YES
  - Example:
    CALL SYSPROC.SET_COLUMN_ATTRIBUTE
    ("MYLIB1", 'ORDERS', 'CARDNUMBER', 'SECURE YES');
Additional Information

- **DB2 for i Websites**
  - Home Page: [ibm.com/systems/i/db2](http://ibm.com/systems/i/db2)
  - DeveloperWorks Zone: [ibm.com/developerworks/db2/products/db2i5OS](http://ibm.com/developerworks/db2/products/db2i5OS)
  - Porting Zone: [ibm.com/partnerworld/i/db2porting](http://ibm.com/partnerworld/i/db2porting)

- **Newsgroups & Forums**
  - USENET: comp.sys.ibm.as400.misc, comp.databases.ibm-db2

- **Education Resources - Classroom & Online**
  - [ibm.com/systemi/db2/gettingstarted.html](http://ibm.com/systemi/db2/gettingstarted.html)
  - [ibm.com/partnerworld/wps/training/i5os/courses](http://ibm.com/partnerworld/wps/training/i5os/courses)

- **DB2 for i Publications**
  - Online Manuals: [ibm.com/systems/i/db2/books.html](http://ibm.com/systems/i/db2/books.html)
  - DB2 for i Redbooks ([http://ibm.com/redbooks](http://ibm.com/redbooks))
    - Getting Started with DB2 Web Query for System i (SG24-7214)
    - OnDemand SQL Performance Analysis ... in V5R4 (SG24-7326)
    - Preparing for and Tuning the SQL Query Engine on DB2 for i5/OS (SG24-6598)
    - Modernizing iSeries Application Data Access (SG24-6393)

Need help using the newest DB2 for i technologies?
Are you getting the most out DB2 for i?

**IBM DB2 for i Consulting and Services**

- Database modernization
- DB2 WebQuery
- Database design, features and functions
- DB2 SQL performance analysis and tuning
- Data warehousing and Business Intelligence
- DB2 for i education and training

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